

## Target 6 Sheet 01B

### Question 1

A new car is available in 8 standard and 2 pearl-effect exterior colour options. There are 4 interior colour options, but 1 of these is only available with pearl-effect exteriors. How many colour combinations are there?

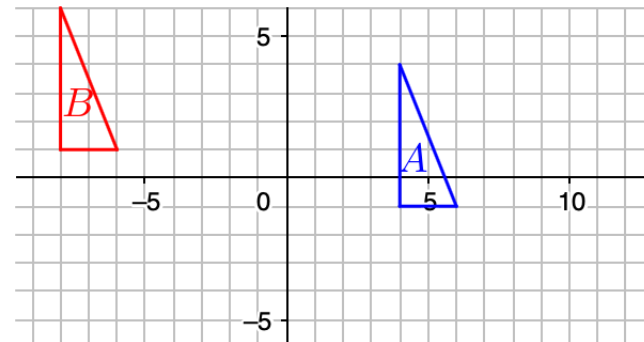
### Question 3

Solve, giving your answers in surd form:

$$(x - 12)^2 = 6$$

### Question 2

Describe the transformation that maps A to B.



### Question 4

$n$  is a positive integer. Show that  $3(n - 2) + 6(n - 1) + 51$  is never a multiple of 9.

## Question 1

A new car is available in 8 standard and 2 pearl-effect exterior colour options. There are 4 interior colour options, but 1 of these is only available with pearl-effect exteriors. How many colour combinations are there?

32

## Question 3

Solve, giving your answers in surd form:

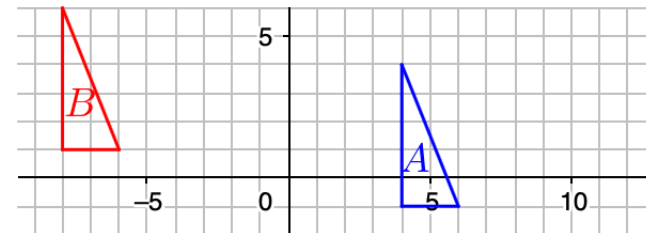
$$(x - 12)^2 = 6$$

$$x - 12 = \pm\sqrt{6}$$

$$x = 12 + \sqrt{6}, x = 12 - \sqrt{6}$$

## Question 2

Describe the transformation that maps A to B.



Translation by  $\begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

## Question 4

$n$  is a positive integer. Show that  $3(n - 2) + 6(n - 1) + 51$  is never a multiple of 9.

Simplifying, we obtain  $9n + 39$ .

We can write it as  $9(n + 4) + 3$ .

This is 3 more than a multiple of 9, so is never a multiple of 9.